

Miss Hope

Principal of Boston Public Cooking School for 15 years, says of

Crawford Ranges

"I have used several makes of ranges but consider the Crawford the best. It uses less coal and gives a more even heat than any range I ever saw."

The Single Damper (patented) affords the only perfect control of fire and oven.

The Oven has no "cold corners" nor "scorching spots," because of the cup-joint heat flues.

The Two Hods in the base, one for ashes instead of the old clumsy ash pan, and one for coal, is a wonderful trouble-saving idea.

Patented Grates. Ask the Crawford agent to show you. Write us for circular.

Walker & Pratt Mfg. Co. 31-35 Union St., Boston

C. W. Averill & Co., Barre Agents.

A LIFELONG DREAM

By WILLARD BLAKEMAN

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When I was eighteen the Wetmore family was my most intimate friends. Clarence Wetmore and I were chums, and his sister Agatha, two years my junior, was a very pretty girl with a peachy complexion and a soft feminine voice. I was too much of a boy to think of marriage, but it occurred to me that when I was ready for that important step in a man's life Agatha Wetmore would suit me for a wife exactly.

I remember all the members of the family as they then were—Clarence, my own age; Agatha, sweet sixteen; Ben and Tom, aged respectively thirteen and ten, and two little girls, six and three. Every spot in the spacious grounds, every room, every nook in the house, is as familiar to me as it was then. The inmates have changed, but not the house. It stands today as it stood years ago, the same furniture, the same pictures on the walls, the same outlook from the windows.

Many was the romp I had with the Wetmore boys and girls, many a meal I enjoyed in the dining room, the south end of which was of glass and in winter the receptacle for tropical plants. There were orange and lemon and rubber trees and an endless variety of palms. At the other end was the broad fireplace in which we used to burn cord wood at its full length and on cool evenings sit before it with no light except that thrown out by the blazing logs. In summer there was the broad piazza, forming a complete walk around the house. On it were rugs and hammocks and tables with books and magazines on them.

I have little doubt that had I remained in the proximity of the Wetmore family I would have made a match. But my career called me elsewhere. The Wetmore children grew to manhood and womanhood. Clarence married and when the old folks died occupied the house with his wife and a new brood of children. There had been no open quarreling between me and Agatha, but in my distant home I was constantly looking forward to the day when, having achieved a moderate success, I might return and tell her that I had been waiting for her. But year after year passed, and fortune never knocked at my door. A decade was added to my age, then another decade. My income had grown somewhat, but my necessities had grown also. Wisdom, or what I considered wisdom, had come to me and told me that although loneliness was approaching with age the where-withal to support a family was still beyond my grasp. I heard of Agatha

Wetmore occasionally and knew that she was not married. I was often tempted to write her and ask if she would share my lot as it was, but this seemed too cold a method of procedure for a love affair. No, I would wait till I could join her, spend some time near the old place where she was living with her brother's family and do my courting as I had always intended.

All this time the years were slipping away. My hair was whitening, and I was obliged to choose between wearing a gray beard and exposing a wrinkled neck. Sometimes when looking in a mirror I would realize that I was changing, but the slipping from youth to age was so gradual that I did not realize it. As for Agatha, while I could not remember that she must have changed, I still thought of her as a young girl.

Suddenly in my old age I made a fortune. It was too late for the union of two youngsters with the expectation of bringing up a family, but Agatha and I might still be a comfort to each other in our decline. As soon as I could get away I took a train to go to her, resolved to ask her to be my companion, to share my fortune for what remained of life to either of us. During the journey I endeavored to fix my mind upon her as she must be after so many years. It was impossible that I could call up any vision of her changed appearance. Only the sweet face of a young girl would come to me.

I called on Clarence Wetmore at his office in the city. I had seen him at intervals and was not especially surprised at his aged appearance. His friendship was as warm as ever, and he insisted on my going right out to dinner with him. I commented, and we took a suburban train together.

As I have said, the place was the same. A new brood of children had sprung up, some of whom were starting broods of their own. Clarence was a grandfather. I was introduced to those who were at home, and we went into dinner. Two old women were at the table, to both of whom I was introduced, but did not hear their names. One of them was bent and wrinkled. She sat next to me, but I did not feel like talking to her. I was looking for Agatha. I had been told that she was in the house and expected every moment to see her enter the room. I pictured her as a pleasant looking middle aged lady, though the girlish face insisted on thrusting itself between me and the image I had called up.

But Agatha did not come. Before leaving I asked for her.

"Agatha? Why, the lady beside you was Agatha."

I shuddered. Going out to the carriage, I was driven to the train. The next day I told Clarence that I had been suddenly called back to my distant home. The dream of my lifetime had ended. Nevertheless I treasure in my heart the image of Agatha as a girl.



Ceresota Flour

Ceresota Bread for the mainstay of the meal.

MORE ROADS PUSH UP RATES

Middle West and East Hit by Increases

NEW TARIFFS POUR IN

Upon Commerce Commission—Raise Averages from 10 to 15 Per Cent.—The Highest Charge Is Upon the Product of Tar Oil.

Washington, June 3.—The eastern railroads have joined the western in the rate-increase movement, and the department of justice will be called upon again to institute suits to enjoin the roads from making the rates effective July 5. It is expected that between now and June 5 schedules of increased rates will be filed by all the roads in the East. Early yesterday morning, the new rates began to pour into the office of the interstate commerce commission, regardless of the injunction proceedings already begun against the roads in the Western Trunk Line association. The increases are on commodity rates. The commission has not yet had time to figure out the percentage of increase. Unofficially, it was said to average between 10 to 15 per cent., but the commission does not verify these figures.

Not only have the eastern roads started to shove up rates, but the railroads in Central freight association territory have taken like action. All the roads operating in the territory between Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville and reaching as far as Milwaukee, twenty-two lines in all, and the Illinois steamship line, have filed schedules increasing commodity rates.

The increases in the Ohio-Indiana territory are on a wide range of commodities. The freight traffic officials of the interstate commerce commission have not made comparisons of all of them, but they range, so far as compared, from 6 per cent. to 31 per cent.

The highest increase is on tar oil, amounting to 31 per cent. The rates were filed with the commission Wednesday, but not made public until yesterday. They go into effect July 1. Like the increased schedules filed by the western roads, which have been enjoined, the increased schedules of the roads in the Ohio-Indiana region have been filed in secret. That is to say, there is, according to the commission reports, prima facie evidence of a united action and of a conspiracy in restraint of trade under the Sherman law. This means that almost inevitably the department of justice will undertake to enjoin the increases. If Attorney General Wickes takes action consistent with the course he took in the case of the western roads, he will look into the circumstances of the action of the lines in the Ohio-Indiana territory and will doubtless seek to obtain a preliminary injunction. The fact that the roads have acted in concert will be to their disadvantage. It is believed that shippers in the Ohio-Indiana region are already stirred up over the reports that the roads in that territory will increase rates.

Lawyers are keenly interested to know what will be the procedure of the attorney general in the eastern road cases. All winter the administration has been trying to get through a bill providing for notice and hearing in injunction cases, yet it is pointed out that at the first opportunity the department of justice had to apply for an injunction on its own account. The attorney general conducted the proceedings with the utmost secrecy and slipped his petitions before the federal court at St. Louis, without giving the attorneys for the railroads an inkling of what he was about. Had his purpose been known, the companies of course would have asked for a hearing, and this delay might have proved embarrassing in the legal tangles which are sure to result from the present situation. The technical question is now raised by lawyers as to what the "existing rate" actually is. Only the railroads have power under the law to make rates, and as the former rates were superseded by the new ones, it is regarded as pertinent to inquire what the "existing" rates are in the territory to which the injunctions apply.

Attorney General Wickes himself said yesterday afternoon he had not given any thought to the question of whether the government should take action looking to injunction proceedings against the eastern railroads which have filed increased rates with the interstate commerce commission.

MAY CALL ON MR. TAFT.

Some of the Interested Men See Political Motive Behind Government's Suit.

Chicago, Ill., June 3.—Presidents, traffic managers and lawyers representing eight railroad systems, centering in Chicago, found themselves considerably at sea yesterday as to the real rate situation when they met in the office of President Ripley of the Atchafalaya, Topeka & Santa Fe.

So little of a definite nature was known by the conference as to what specific rates had been enjoined and what arguments were brought to bear on President Taft that those at the meeting found themselves without a well-defined subject for discussion, according to one who was present.

Some expressed the opinion that the president had been misled by statements of shippers, while others were inclined to seek a political motive behind the St. Louis injunction. A direct expression from the White House will be sought, possibly. It was said, by a personal visit to President Taft by heads of important railroad companies.

The committee of shippers appointed at a meeting on May 17 will meet next Tuesday to consider action on the tariff advances announced for July 1 and five by eastern railroads.

For Cleaner Theatres.

Boston, June 3.—Replying to a letter received from Mayor Fitzgerald of this city, in which his co-operation was asked in a movement for reform in theatrical exhibitions, Mayor Goyne of New York states that he would be most happy to co-operate in any way to elevate the tone of the theatres. The reply was received by Mayor Fitzgerald yesterday.

Pot and Pan Philosophy

All the soap and muscle in the world won't clean your pots and pans as they should be cleaned.

Ordinary washing of cooking utensils passes over whole hidden nests of little wigglers—commonly called germs.

Gold Dust is an antiseptic washing powder that not only removes the visible dirt and grease, but goes deep after every trace of germ life—sterilizes pots, pans, pails and kettles—leaving them clean, wholesome and safe.

Just shake a little Gold Dust in your dish-water and it will make your pots spick and span as when new and your tins shine like silver.



TAFT HONORS ROOSEVELT.

He Will Make Him Chairman of Peace Commission.

Washington, June 3.—President Taft has decided to appoint Theodore Roosevelt as the head of a peace commission, the duty of which will be to work for universal peace. This was disclosed yesterday at a meeting of the house committee on foreign affairs. Representative Bennett of New York, a member of the committee, was authorized to combine his resolution providing for a peace commission with a similar measure introduced by Representative Bartholdt of Missouri. The duty of the commission will be "to consider the expediency of utilizing existing international agencies for the purpose of limiting the armaments of the nations of the world by international agreement and of constituting the combined navies of the world an international force for the preservation of universal peace." President Taft is in favor of the legislation, and it was declared yesterday that he has already made up his mind to make Mr. Roosevelt chairman of the commission.

JOHN A. DIX SUCCEEDS CONNERS.

New York Democrats Elect a New Chairman of State Committee.

New York, June 3.—John A. Dix of Washington county was yesterday elected chairman of the Democratic state committee, succeeding William J. Connors of Buffalo, at the meeting of the committee held in the Hoffman house in this city. Mr. Connors and Mr. Dix addressed the committeemen.

Nasal Catarrh

Henry L. Britton Says It Is Easy to Get Rid Of.

"My head, nose and glands leading to my eyes and ears were clogged up and swollen. I tried several so-called cures, but Hyomei, used thoroughly, did the curing. There is nothing too good to say in favor of Hyomei. It cured my nasal catarrh."—Henry L. Britton, Front street, Eaton Rapids, Mich.

Hyomei (pronounced High-o-mey) cures catarrh, cures it gets rid of the germs, and destroys them. It is made of Australian eucalyptus, mixed with other, healing antiseptics. When breathed over the irritated and inflamed membrane, it gives relief in two minutes.

Used regularly for a few weeks, it will build up and heal the germ-infested membrane and drive out catarrh. If you own a small Hyomei pocket inhaler, you can get a bottle of Hyomei at drug stores everywhere, or at the Red Cross Pharmacy, for only 50 cents. If you do not own a Hyomei inhaler, ask for a complete outfit, the price of which is \$1.00. It is guaranteed to cure catarrh, cough, cold, croup or sore throat, or money back.

When the Liver is Out of Tune

the whole system is off the key—stomach upset, bowels sluggish, head heavy, skin sallow and the eyes dull. You cannot be right again until the cause of the trouble is removed. Correct the flow of bile, and gently stimulate the liver to healthful action by taking

BEECHAM'S PILLS

the bile remedy that is safe to use and convenient to take. A dose or two will relieve the nausea and dizziness, operate the bowels, carry new life to the blood, clear the head and improve the digestion.

These old family pills are the natural remedy for bilious complaints and quickly help the liver to

Strike the Key-note of Health

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

RAILROAD BILL TO PASS

Debate Was Ended Yesterday Afternoon

SEVERAL AMENDMENTS

The Change in the Commodities Clause Rejected—The Measure Is Now Satisfactory to the Democrats.

Washington, June 3.—While clearing up minor amendments to the administration railroad bill, Republican and Democratic leaders in the Senate yesterday busied themselves with canvasses to ascertain what the final vote was likely to be. Yesterday afternoon it was regarded as certain that the vote would be taken before adjournment yesterday, that all of the Republicans would be recorded for the bill, except possibly one, and that all but six or seven of the Democrats would be recorded against it. The Republican whose vote is in doubt is Senator Bourne. The general impression is that he is opposed to the bill. One of the Democratic leaders said if there were danger of the defeat of the bill through Democratic votes, not one of the minority would vote against the bill, notwithstanding the fact it was called an administration measure. He said that as amended the bill contained far more good than bad. Its final passage is assured.

The Crawford amendment modifying the commodities clause of the Hepburn act of 1906 was taken up when the Senate met at 11 o'clock yesterday and defeated by a viva voce vote.

This provision, like the Bailey amendment, which was voted down Wednesday, looked to the complete separation of transportation from production, but it differed from the former in that it permitted a carrier to transport articles which it had produced, providing that as long as ninety days previously they had passed into other hands.

Owing to the prohibition against the ownership of the stock of a producing company by a transporting concern, Mr. Smoot complained that by buying only one share of stock in an independent oil company, the Standard Oil company could put the independent company out of business.

Senators Bailey and Sutherland objected to fixing an arbitrary time on the matter of the sale of the commodity. They insisted that the essential point was the matter of good faith in the sale. Mr. Crawford conceded this fact, but said that the time was a mere evidence of a bona fide transfer.

An amendment offered by Senator Overman, remanding the suspension of state laws by the issuance of injunctions in interstate proceedings in federal courts, was adopted by the Senate yesterday, 33 to 25. It prohibits such a course, except after hearing by three judges. In view of the adoption of the Overman amendment, it is reported that practically all Democratic senators will vote for the bill.

The Senate adopted an amendment offered by Senator Burton, requiring the interstate commerce commission to report concerning union classifications, and another by La Follette, requiring the railroads to keep in Washington agents who may accept service.

Another amendment by Senator La Follette requiring the interstate commerce commission to make semi-annual analysis of tariffs and classifications was adopted.

HE CAME TOO LATE.

Excited Man Wanted \$10,000 from Coleman Bank.

Cambridge, Mass., June 3.—You're a little too late," remarked teller Paul of the National City bank, from which bookkeeper George W. Coleman lifted \$100,000, when Frank Hackett, recently discharged for drunkenness, rushed into the bank yesterday and demanded \$10,000. As Hackett was indignant, teller Paul asked him to wait a minute while he counted out the cash, and before the time expired a couple of policemen had looked arms with the young man. Hackett explained that he wanted to educate his voice, which he said could be heard in Texas. Alas! he will ask him a few questions to-day.

PILGRIMS' DAY AUG. 5.

Provincetown Sets Date for Dedication of Its Monument.

Provincetown, Mass., June 3.—The Pilgrim monument on Town hill, at the laying of the corner-stone of which President Roosevelt made a memorable attack upon corporations, will be dedicated on Aug. 5, the anniversary of the sailing of the Pilgrims from Delft Haven, Holland. It is expected that President Taft will make the trip across Massachusetts Bay from Beverly and attend the dedication.

EIGHT DIE IN EXPLOSION.

Accident in Quarry of Cement Co. at West Copley, Pa.

Allentown, Pa., June 3.—The premature explosion of a blast in the quarry of the Lehigh Portland Cement company at West Copley yesterday snuffed out the lives of eight men. Among those killed was Daniel Gannon, the foreman. The others were preparing three holes six feet deep and had put in 600 sticks of dynamite when the explosion occurred.

A Skin of Beauty Is a Joy Forever.

DR. T. Felix Gouraud's Oriental Cream or Magical Beautifier.



ARE OF SPECIAL VALUE TO WOMEN

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Are a Wonderful Tonic for Both Sexes but Most Women's Special Need of a Blood Builder Makes the Remedy Invaluable to Them.

Every woman at some time in her life needs a good tonic for the blood. Most of the ills from which they suffer are due to impure or impoverished blood, for in addition to the cares, worries and work of her daily life, a woman must undergo unusual demands upon her strength at special times. Unless the blood is fortified to meet these added burdens, some form of weakness is certain to result.

One of the most common forms of weakness due to impoverished blood and a consequent run-down condition of the health is leucorrhea. The fact that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured this disagreeable trouble will be welcome news to suffering women.

The pills thoroughly remove the cause of this and other forms of weakness by building up and purifying the blood. The health-bearing stream of pure blood which they furnish strengthens the entire body until health is restored.

Miss Eliza Richards, of No. 18 Wayne Lane, Wilkes Barre, Pa., who is manager of the McDowell School of Dress-making, says:

"A few years ago I was troubled with leucorrhea and had almost given up hope of getting well. I was engaged in dressmaking at the time and think this tended to keep me sick. I was generally run down, lost ten pounds in weight and later began to suffer from indigestion. I had severe pains in the stomach, became easily fatigued and was often dizzy."

"I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and did so. I used them just as directed and was greatly benefited after giving them a trial. A few boxes entirely cured me and I haven't had to take any medicine for the past five years. I have always recommended the pills whenever I have had the opportunity."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been so successful in curing the characteristic ailments of womanhood that they are justly regarded as a specific for anemia or bloodlessness, chlorosis or green sickness and weak nerves.

If you desire full information about this treatment, write for a copy of our free booklet, "Plain Talks to Women." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

U.S. EXAMINING PHYSICIAN

PUTS HIS O. K. ON JEFF

Dr. Cross of Trisco Says Big Fellow Is in Grand Shape—Johnson Not Far Behind in Physical Condition.

Ben Lomond, Cal., June 3.—Jim Jeffries is now in magnificent condition, according to a statement issued by Dr. Charles W. Cross, United States examining physician of San Francisco, who Wednesday made the most complete and painstaking examination Jeffries has had since he began training.

"In the course of my practice," said Dr. Cross, "I have examined 15,000 or 20,000 men, and I have never seen anything so wonderful as the strength, power and perfect condition of this man. His eye is clear and steady, indicating cool and well balanced judgment. His heart action surprised me, for after his rigorous exercise, and while he was being rubbed and kneaded by four pairs of hands, his heart pulse was only 68. In the average man it would have been 80 or over."

"I was especially careful to search his lungs for any trace of the pneumonia, with which he was seriously afflicted some years ago. The lungs showed absolutely no evidence of pneumonia, and his respiratory organs are entirely free and normal. The strength of his body is excellent, too. Six parts of the physical man must be right for him to be strong enough to enter a strenuous athletic contest—his brain, heart, lungs, stomach, kidneys and liver. Every one of these organs in Jeffries is perfectly sound and free from flaw. I found nothing to indicate that the attack of hidden disease in Jeffries are true."

Dr. Cross, who recently attended Johnson, took occasion to compare the former champion with the negro.

"As to comparison of the physique of Johnson and Jeffries," he said, "there is not a large margin of difference. Both men are in fine healthy trim. Johnson, like Jeffries, is round throughout. He has considerably more fat on his body, but when the pair step into the ring I believe they will be almost an even match so far as condition goes. I am convinced that Jeffries' great resistance to weight—he must have rid himself of at least 30 pounds—has not impaired his stamina."

MADE A BAD START.

But the Stock Market Later Braced Up a Little.

New York, June 3.—The stock market yesterday gave early evidence of the continued disturbance felt on account of the federal government's movement against freight rate advances. The reduction in the official discount rate of the Bank of England caused sharp advances in the London stock market, but the New York market had very little benefit from that.

After an unsettled opening, the whole market turned weak and very large blocks were unloaded. St. Paul opened a point over Wednesday's close, but it had fallen to 2 1/2 below Wednesday in the course of half an hour. This was more than a point below the lowest price touched in Wednesday's slump. The declines elsewhere were less violent and a quick rally followed.

KELLNER FUND NOW \$5500.

Large Reward Offer for Arrest of Murderer of Louisville Girl.

Louisville, Ky., June 3.—With the contribution by the city council Wednesday night of \$2500 to the fund which will be offered for the arrest and conviction of the slayer of little Alma Kellner, whose body was found in a cellar of St. John's Parochial school, the reward has now reached \$5000. This will be augmented probably by an offer by Governor Wilson of \$500 on behalf of the state. Chief of Police Lindsay says that he has received information that Joseph Wendling, the missing janitor, remained in Louisville as late as March 1.

LAYS DOWN LAW TO MADRIZ

United States to Permit No Interference

TO PROTECT AMERICAN

Vessels Entering Bluefields—The Venns Will Stop Them at Its Peril—Follows Madrid's Declaration That He Controlled Port.

Washington, June 3.—The decree issued by Dr. Irias, in command of the Madrid war vessel, Venus, that no vessel should enter the port of Bluefields after June 1 without the permission of the Madrid government and without having paid customs duties at the bluff, will be disregarded by Captain Gilmer of the United States ship, Paducah, and should Dr. Irias attempt to prevent American vessels from entering that port, prompt steps will be taken by Captain Gilmer to prevent any interference by the Venus.

In fact should Irias attempt to prevent any American vessel from entering the harbor without having first paid duties at the bluff he will do so at his peril. This is the announced position of the United States government. It will be recalled that Secretary Knox in his telegram to Captain Gilmer last Tuesday stated in effect that the United States admitted the right of the Estrada faction to collect customs for Bluefields and denied this right to the other faction, and inasmuch as the United States recognizes neither faction as a government of Nicaragua, but merely as in de facto control of portions of the country, proclamation on either's part which are inconsistent with this attitude are without effect on the United States and its citizens. It is not believed that Dr. Irias, in command of the Venus, will invite certain destruction by any show of force to carry his decree into effect. A detailed telegram from Consul General Heffitt at Bluefields states that the number of killed in the recent engagements near there was about 150, with 250 wounded, and that General Estrada is giving all possible aid to the wounded left on the field. The remnants of General Lera's army, which were in full retreat, are said to be in a pitiable condition.

FAILS TO CURE CRIME.

Youth Operated Upon for Pressure on Brain Disappears with \$50.

Toledo, O., June 3.—It was reported to the police that Harold Hurley, aged 19, who three years ago was the first patient in this country to be operated on to relieve a pressure on the brain in the hope of correcting tendencies in the boy, has disappeared. He left \$50 of his employer's money. Hurley was employed in a trusted position by a shoe company. He was sent to the bank Wednesday with \$50 to deposit. He failed to go to the bank, and has not been heard of since.

Young Hurley since the operation has borne a good reputation up to this time.

CANFIELD PACKS UP.

Saratoga's Loss of Gambler Reported to Be Mexico's Gain.

Saratoga, N. Y., June 3.—All the apparatus in Richard Canfield's club house was packed, and shipped, as is believed, to Mexico, where it is said that Canfield is planning to make another start in business. When the author told Canfield in the summer of 1908 that he could not open up again, he gave notice that he intended to quit Saratoga for good.

The club house restaurant and garden which Canfield built here in the past days when this village ran wide open, said to have cost him \$300,000.

OWES HER LIFE TO

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Chicago, Ill.—"I was troubled with falling and inflammation, and the doctors said I could not get well unless I had an operation. I knew I could not stand the strain of one, so I wrote to you sometime ago about my health and you told me what to do. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier I am to-day a well woman."—Mrs. WILLIAM ABBEY, 988 W. 21st St., Chicago, Ill.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotics or harmful drugs, and is today holding the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases of any similar medicine in the country, and thousands of voluntary testimonials are on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., from women who have been cured from almost every form of female complaints, inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration. Every such suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

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